

(7; 9; 10) (10; 9; 7)

(6; 9; 8) (8; 9; 6)

(7; 9; 5) (5; 9; 7)

(3; 9; 5) (5; 9; 3)

(6; 8; 7) (7; 8; 6)

(2; 8; 10) (10; 8; 2)

5 7 1

10 9 7

(9; 8; 7) (7; 8; 9)

(2; 7; 8) (8; 7; 2)

(5; 10; 9) (9; 10; 5)

(7; 6; 2) (2; 6; 7)

(3; 5; 7) (7; 5; 3)

(3; 6; 7) (7; 6; 3)

(5; 7; 7) (7; 7; 5)

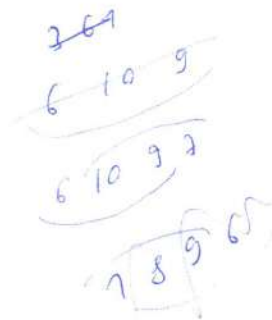
(6; 10; 2) (2; 10; 6)

(3; 10; 4) (4; 10; 3)

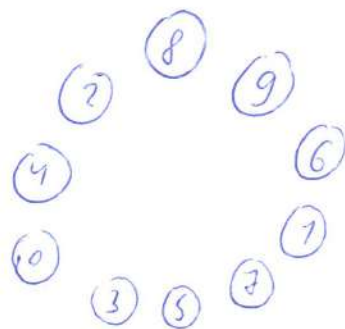
(6; 10; 9) (9; 10; 6)

5 9 6 7 5 3 10 9

7-5 3 7 9 10

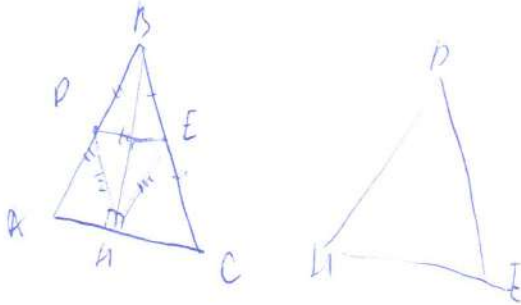


$\frac{60}{-20}$
 $\frac{34}{-8}$
 $\frac{66}{66}$



нет такого ряда без повторяющихся значений, который
 будет состоять из трехлек перешагивающих по н.

2)



Әане:

$\triangle PHE$ - тебиосторонній.

D - ортасына AB $D \in AB \rightarrow AD = DB$.

$E \in BC$ $BE = EC$.

Әан: ABC - теби.

әжуәемәсебе:

1) $AB \parallel HE$

То теореме жогын те,

$BE = EC = AH = HE$,

меға $BC = AC$

($BE = EC = AH = HE$)

2) $AD \parallel BC$, меға

$AD = DB = AH = HE$

$AB = AC$.

3) $BC = AC = AB$.

$\triangle ABC$ - тебиосторонній.

3) $a + b + c + d + e = 2021^{2022}$

$a^{22} + b^{24} + c^{27} + d^{22} + e^5 = 2022 \cdot 2021^{2021}$

Handwritten calculations for the third problem, including a large multiplication of 2022 by 2021 and a long division of 44570912447 by 12447.

Handwritten calculations for the third problem, including a vertical multiplication of 2022 by 2021 and a long division of 44570912447 by 12447.